AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) An optical disk apparatus for recording data on an optical disk,

comprising:

means for detecting first reproduced signal quality of test data obtained after test data

recorded with write power lower than write power P of a laser beam have been overwritten with

said write power P;

means for detecting second reproduced signal quality of test data obtained after test data

recorded with write power higher than said write power P have been overwritten with said write

power P; and

means for setting optimum write power on the basis of a difference between said first

reproduced signal quality and said second reproduced signal quality.

2. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said first and second

reproduced signal qualities are jitter or an error rate.

3. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said setting means sets, as

optimum write power, write power P at which a difference between said first reproduced signal

quality and said second reproduced signal quality is smaller than or equal to a threshold value.

4. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 3, further comprising:

means for storing said threshold value for each type of said optical disk, wherein

said setting means determines the type of said optical disk and sets optimum write power

through use of said threshold value corresponding to the type of said optical disk.

5. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said setting means sets, as

said optimum write power, a minimum write power level from among write power levels P at

LAW OFFICES OF
CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLLC
1420 Fifth Avenue
Suite 2800
Seattle, Washington, 98101

Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100

which said difference between said first reproduced signal quality and said second reproduced

signal quality is smaller than or equal to a predetermined threshold value.

6. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said setting means sets, as

optimum write power, a value determined by multiplying a minimum write power level from

among write power levels P at which said difference between said first reproduced signal quality

and said second reproduced signal quality is smaller than or equal to a predetermined threshold

value, by a constant smaller one.

7. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said overwriting

operation is performed by means of a laser beam pulse which changes from read power to said

write power by way of erase power.

8-10. (Canceled)

11. (Original) An optical disk apparatus for recording data on an optical disk,

comprising:

means for recording test data in a predetermined area of said optical disk while write

power is changed among a plurality of levels;

first overwrite means for overwriting said test data while write power is changed among a

plurality of levels so as to become lower than write power used for recording operation;

second overwrite means for overwriting said test data while write power is changed

among a plurality of levels so as to become higher than write power used for recording

operation;

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLC 1420 Fifth Avenue Suite 2800

Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100

-3-

means for detecting, for each write power level, a difference between jitter or an error

rate of test data overwritten by said first overwrite means and jitter or an error rate of test data

overwritten by said second overwrite means; and

means for selecting write power at which said difference detected for each write power

level is smaller than or equal to a predetermined threshold value and setting said selected write

power as optimum write power at the time of recording of data.

12-14. (Canceled)

15. (Previously presented) An optical disk apparatus for recording data on an optical

disk, comprising:

an optical pickup which records test data in a test area of said optical disk while write

power is changed among a plurality of levels, subjects said test data to first overwriting while

write power is changed among a plurality of levels so as to become lower than write power used

for recording said test data, and subjects said test data to second overwriting while write power is

changed among a plurality of levels so as to become higher than said write power used for

recording said test data;

a signal processing circuit for detecting, for each write power, jitter or an error rate of

said test data that have been subjected to said first overwriting, and jitter or an error rate of said

test data that have been subjected to said second overwriting; and

a controller which computes a jitter or error rate difference between said first overwritten

test data and said second overwritten test data for each said write power, selects write power at

which said jitter or error rate difference is smaller than or equal to a threshold value set

according to said optical disk, and sets said selected write power as optimum write power,

wherein

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLLC 1420 Fifth Avenue Suite 2800

Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100

-4-

said controller computes erase power on the basis of said optimum write power, and said optical pickup records data in a data area of said optical disk through use of said erase power and said optimum record power under control of said controller.

LAW OFFICES OF
CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLIC
1420 Fifth Avenue
Suite 2800
Seattle, Washington 98101
206.682.8100